

THIS SCHEDULE MUST BE FILED EVERY YEAR REGARDLESS IF ANY ADDITIONS OR DELETIONS WERE MADE
THIS SCHEDULE IS NOT TO BE USED FOR DECLARING TRUCK-MOUNTED DRILLING RIGS.
DUE DATE APRIL 15, 2026
FOR ASSESSMENT YEAR BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2026

General Information

For these instructions, please refer to the following statutes: §§ 39-3-118.5, 39-3-119.5, 39-5-104.5, 39-5-104.7, 39-5-107, 39-5-108, 39-5-110, 39-5-113 through 117, 39-5-120, and 39-21-113(7), C.R.S.

WHO FILES A DECLARATION SCHEDULE? All owners and/or operators of oil and gas skid-mounted drilling rigs that have been operated, stored (stacked), or maintained in a Colorado county during the prior calendar year must file this schedule accompanied by a drilling log for each rig. In addition, the owner of all personal property as of January 1 must file a declaration schedule. All taxable personal property, such as leased or owned equipment that accompanies the drilling rig, must be listed on this schedule. Use one declaration schedule per drilling rig.

ARE YOU A NEW OWNER? If you answer "yes" to this question or you have never filed with the county assessor, you are required to provide a complete listing of the drilling rig, any auxiliary equipment, and any other personal property used in conjunction with the drilling rig in Colorado. For auxiliary or leased personal property, please include: ■ Item ID Number ■ Property Description ■ Model Number ■ Year Acquired ■ Original Installed Cost To You, and ■ If the Property Was Not Put Into Use as of January 1 of the current year.

APPORTIONMENT OF DRILLING RIG VALUES Drilling Rigs can only be valued for the days they were traveling in, were operated or maintained within, or were stored (stacked) in Colorado. The assessor in the county of original assessment (COA) values the rig and apportions the value among the counties listed on the drilling log. This apportionment is accomplished by multiplying the calculated total actual value per day by the number of days the rig was located in each county during the previous calendar year. On or before June 15, the assessor of the COA furnishes a copy of the actual valuation of the rig, the apportionment working papers, and the Notice of Valuation (NOV) for the COA-apportioned actual value to the owner or operator. The assessor of the COA also sends the actual valuation, apportionment working papers, and copies of the drilling log to every county assessor involved. These assessors send their NOV's for their apportioned actual values to the taxpayer on or before June 15.

WHEN DO YOU FILE? This form must be received by the county assessor by the April 15 deadline EVERY YEAR that the rig is operated, stored (stacked), or maintained in Colorado.

HOW DO YOU FILE FOR AN EXTENSION AND WHAT HAPPENS IF YOU FAIL TO FILE? You may extend the deadline if, prior to April 15, the assessor receives your written request AND \$20 for a 10-day extension, or \$40 for a 20-day extension. This extension applies to all drilling rig schedules that a person is required to file in the county. **The late filing penalty is \$50, or 15% of the taxes due, whichever is less.** If you fail to file a schedule, the assessor may determine a valuation based upon the BEST INFORMATION AVAILABLE and may add a penalty of up to 25% of assessed value for any omitted property discovered and valued later.

NOTE: Failure to properly file a declaration schedule may prevent you from receiving an abatement per Colorado case law. Property Tax Adm'r v. Production Geophysical, 860 P.2d 514 (Colo. 1993)

WHY IS THE DECLARATION FORM IMPORTANT? Assessors use this information to help calculate the skid-mounted drilling rig's actual value. This value is based on the rig's use and condition as of January 1 of the previous calendar year, or as of the date that the drilling rig first was operated, stored (stacked), or maintained in a Colorado county during prior assessment year.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE OIL AND GAS DRILLING RIG DECLARATION SCHEDULE DS 656

- A. NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS:** Write any corrections to the preprinted name/address information under Change of Name or Address. If you are not the current business owner, please list the name and address of the new owner in the appropriate box. Also, list the date that the property was sold to the new owner. Provide the legal description (including name of county, section, range, township, and quarter section) of the physical location of the drilling rig on January 1, 2026, or on the date the drilling rig first entered a Colorado county where the rig was operated, stored (stacked), or maintained. Drilling rigs are assessed if they were operated, stored, or maintained in any Colorado county during the year 2025. **A copy of the drilling log that accompanies the drilling rig must be attached to this declaration, § 39-5-113.3(1), C.R.S.**
- B. LOCATION ON FILING DATE:** Provide the legal description (including name of county, section, range, township, and quarter section) of the physical location of the drilling rig at the time of filing this declaration.
- C. COUNTY OF ORIGINAL ASSESSMENT (COA):** This section pertains to the Colorado County where the drilling rig first began drilling in 2025. As of January 1, 2026, or as of the date the drilling rig first entered a Colorado county where the rig was operated, stored (stacked), or maintained, please list the following:
- Depth Capacity or drilling depth for which the rig is rated.
 - Number of drill collars accompanying the rig.
 - Number of linear feet of drill pipe accompanying the rig.
 - Type of Rig: Alternating Current (AC), Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR, also known as Direct Current or DC), or Mechanical.
 - Condition of Rig according to the criteria listed below:
 - Stacked:** Has seen very hard and long hours of service. Requires rebuild, repair, or overhaul before it can be used. Not operational or functional. Stacked rigs are those rigs that have been dismantled, the components have been stacked together over a year, and are in poor condition. Because of stacking, these rigs show additional physical deterioration that will require repairs and/or maintenance to begin operation.
 - Fair:** Has very high hours indicating extended use. Defects are obvious and will require repair or general rebuilding soon. Not 100% functional or efficient, may be operational or functional, but questionable as to how long this will continue.
 - Good:** Operating condition is 100%. No known or obvious mechanical defects, but the rig may have some minor worn parts that will need repair or replacement in the near future. May have high hours of use, but no defects are obvious.
 - Very Good:** The rig is like new or is nearly new with only minimal hours of operation. There is no need of repair or replacement of parts. This may include rebuilt rigs that have been completely refurbished to top operating condition.
 - Excellent:** The rig is brand new with no prior operation.
 - Original Cost of Rig.
- D. AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT:** Check type of equipment and include the date placed in service, maximum depth rating, and original cost. Add auxiliary equipment on a separate sheet if necessary
- E. LEASED, LOANED OR RENTED EQUIPMENT:** You must identify any leased, loaned, or rented equipment accompanying the drilling rig, as follows:
- Owner's/Lessor's Name, Address, and Telephone Number
 - Description of Equipment, Including Type, Model Number, and Serial Number
 - Lease: Total Cost of the Lease to You; Lease Number; Lease Term (From-To); Total Amount of Annual Rent
- If any of the leased equipment listed is capitalized on your books and records, please check the box at the beginning of the line corresponding with the name of the Lessor. Also, if purchase or maintenance options are included in the lease, check this box and provide details of these options on a separate sheet. Property rented 30 days at a time or less, returned at the renter's option, and for which sales/use tax is collected before it is finally sold is considered exempt and should **NOT** be reported. Add leased, loaned or rented equipment on a separate sheet of paper if necessary.
- F. DECLARATION AND SIGNATURE:** Print the personal property owner's Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or Social Security Number (SSN). Print name of owner, name of person signing, phone number, and e-mail address. Then sign, date, and return this form to the assessor by **April 15th**. § 39-5-107, C.R.S.

(This page intentionally left blank)

